

令和2年度埼玉医科大学保健医療学部一般入試(後期)問題

外 国 語

注 意 事 項

1. 試験時間は50分。
2. 問題は指示があるまで開かないこと。
3. 各問の□の中の数字が解答番号を示す。
4. 解答番号の1から41の解答はマークシートに記入すること。
5. すべての配布物は終了時に回収する。
6. 質問がある場合は手を挙げて監督者に知らせること。

マークシート記入要領

1. 空欄に受験番号を英数字で記入し、次に、受験番号の各桁の英数字を下の(A)~(J)および①~⑨から選んでマークする。

例：受験番号が「BA1093」番の場合

受 験 番 号					
B	A	1	0	9	3
(A)	●	①	●	①	①
●	(B)	●	①	①	①
(C)	(C)	②	②	②	②
(D)	(D)	③	③	③	●
(E)	(E)	④	④	④	④
(F)	(F)	⑤	⑤	⑤	⑤
(G)	(G)	⑥	⑥	⑥	⑥
(H)	(H)	⑦	⑦	⑦	⑦
(I)	(I)	⑧	⑧	⑧	⑧
(J)	(J)	⑨	⑨	●	⑨

2. 志望学科と氏名を楷書で書き、氏名のふりがなをカタカナで記入する。
3. マークはHBの鉛筆を使い、○の中を●のように完全に塗りつぶし、はみ出さないこと。
4. マークを消す場合は、消しゴムで跡が残らないように完全に消すこと。 砂消しゴムは使用しないこと。
5. マークシートは折り曲げたり、汚したりしないように気をつけること。
6. 所定の欄以外には何も記入しないこと。

1 次の英文を読み、各問の答えの番号をマークしなさい。*の付いた語には下に注がある。

(解答番号 ~)

Imagine living on a frozen ocean, where temperatures can go down to 40 degrees below zero. That may not sound very warm to you, but to polar bears, it's perfect. These creatures live in the *Arctic, which includes parts of Alaska and Canada. They spend much of their time on the sea ice that covers the Arctic Ocean.

But this cold Arctic is changing. Scientists say that lately, the Arctic has had less sea ice than it used to. They say that warmer temperatures are the main reason. That's bad news for polar bears. They're losing the sea ice they need to live. Because of that, experts say that by 2050, the number of polar bears could drop from about 26,000 to 18,000.

Scientists have studied this problem for several years. But it's not easy to study polar bears in their icy home. Now, a new tool might help change that. A team of scientists from California's San Diego Zoo went to the Arctic to study the bears with a drone (a flying device guided by remote control). "The drone helps us to study the bears," says scientist Nick Pilfold.

The amount of sea ice in the Arctic changes with the seasons. In the winter, ice covers almost the whole ocean. Polar bears live on top of this ice. They hunt for seals through holes in the ice. In the summer, warmer temperatures cause some of the ice to melt. Many polar bears move onto land. For months, the bears eat very little. They wait for the ocean to freeze again so they can go back out on the ice and hunt.

But in recent years, scientists have noticed a change in this pattern. More Arctic ice is melting every year. In many areas, the ice is melting earlier than before. It's also taking longer to refreeze. With less sea ice, polar bears have fewer chances to hunt. They spend more time on land, where they have less to eat. Without enough to eat, the bears can die from lack of food.

注 Arctic : 北極地方、北極の

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問 1 Which of the following is NOT true about the Arctic? 1

- ① It is a very cold place.
- ② Polar bears live there.
- ③ It covers Alaska, Canada, and California.
- ④ The Arctic is changing.

問 2 How do scientists study polar bears? 2

- ① They use drones.
- ② They use better boats.
- ③ They can't study the bears.
- ④ They go to the San Diego Zoo.

問 3 What have scientists noticed recently? 3

- ① Polar bears are better at finding food.
- ② The sea water is freezing more quickly.
- ③ More of the Arctic ice is melting each year.
- ④ Nothing has changed in the Arctic.

問 4 Where do polar bears mostly hunt for their food? 4

- ① on the land in the snow
- ② on the land in the summer
- ③ through holes in the sea ice
- ④ around San Diego, California

問 5 What will happen if there is less sea ice? 5

- ① The polar bears will eat more fish.
- ② More people will die.
- ③ People will eat less fish.
- ④ More polar bears will die.

問 6 What would be a good title for this article? 6

- ① Will the Arctic polar bears survive?
- ② How can scientists warm the Earth?
- ③ Why is winter so cold each year?
- ④ Being a scientist is not an easy job

2 次の英文中の () ~ () に最も適する選択肢の番号をマークしなさい。

*の付いた語には下に注がある。

(解答番号 ~)

Instant noodles or cup noodles (as it is commonly called in Japan) were created by the Japanese businessman, Momofuku Ando. He later created the Japanese food company Nissin in the 1950s.

Ando was brought up in Taiwan (he is actually Japanese-Taiwanese) and he lost his parents when he was a child. His grandparents, who ran a fabric store in Tinan City, took care of him. Ando founded his first fabric company when he was 22 years old.

Ando later () Japan and became a Japanese citizen. He started his business in Japan after World War II. However, he experienced many troubles, for example, he was put in jail because of tax problems before creating Nissin Foods in Japan.

At the end of World War II, many Japanese were () because there was not enough food and Japan needed food aid, mainly bread from the US. Ando wanted people to eat more noodles rather than bread because he thought noodles were healthier than bread. The idea of his first invention of instant noodles () from this thought.

In 1958, Ando finally invented the first instant noodles in the world after many experiments. At first, instant noodles were only invented for using DONBURI (which means a bowl in English) and hot water. However, Ando learned that many Europeans and Americans did not have the () of using bowls when they have meals. Therefore, he decided to use a *Styrofoam food container, which looked like a cup instead of using a bowl. This is the reason why instant noodles have also been called cup noodles.

Today, instant noodles are sold in many countries and there are many flavors. In addition, cup noodles have often been used for food aid in countries that need food. Probably, Ando had never imagined his own invention was going to help not only Japanese but also () people in the world after his death.

Adapted from : <https://guidable.co/shopping-service/nissin-the-history-of-instant-noodles/>

注 Styrofoam : 発泡スチロール

問7

- ① added to
- ② flew from
- ③ left from
- ④ moved to

問8

- ① busy
- ② hungry
- ③ full
- ④ happy

問9

- ① came
- ② explored
- ③ heard
- ④ suffered

問10

- ① capability
- ② courage
- ③ creativity
- ④ custom

問11

- ① a lot of
- ② conservative
- ③ a couple of
- ④ wealthy

3 次の英会話文中の (12) ~ (16) に最も適する選択肢の番号をマークしなさい。
(解答番号 12 ~ 16)

Tui : Isn't the snow great? I've been playing in it all morning.

Andrew : Yes, I played in it too! New snow makes everything look very (12) and white.

Jane : Snow is wonderful only (13). When it starts melting it is not as pretty.

Tui : Maybe, but I don't know if you know this but this is my first time to see snow. It's so beautiful!

Jane : What? Don't you ever have snow in Thailand?

Tui : No! We never have snow. (14).

Andrew : That's unbelievable! So, this must be fun for you?

Tui : Yes, very fun. I stayed up late last night watching the snow fall and took pictures of the snow early this morning.

Jane : This morning the sky was clear and (15). They must be great pictures!

Tui : They are! I took many! How long will the snow last before it melts?

Andrew : (16), then the snow could be here for several days or maybe a week.

Tui : Great! I want to play in it as much as possible. Do you want to join me?

Jane : Sure! It sounds fun!

Andrew : Yeah, let's go!

ESL Weather Conversation by Jolyon Dodgson from Excellent ESL 4U. Reproduced with permission of the author.

問 12 12

- ① large
- ② miserable
- ③ nice
- ④ small

問 13 13

- ① at the start
- ② at last
- ③ at the best
- ④ at most

問 14 14

- ① It's too high to snow
- ② It's too hot
- ③ It's not very warm
- ④ It's really freezing

問 15 15

- ① I went to see a movie last night
- ② my airplane landed safely in Thailand
- ③ it started raining early in the morning
- ④ the sun was shining on the new snow

問 16 16

- ① If the temperatures stay cold
- ② Once you go up to the mountain top
- ③ If quite a few people catch cold
- ④ When warm and sunny days continue

4 下線部の英語の意味に最も近い意味の選択肢の番号をマークしなさい。(解答番号 ~)

問 17 You should not talk about private problems during working hours.

- ① primitive ② personal ③ common ④ shared

問 18 The river lies on the border of Tokyo and Chiba.

- ① middle ② turn ③ boundary ④ base

問 19 The mansion is owned by a famous architect.

- ① left ② sold ③ surrounded ④ possessed

問 20 We must follow the rules in the community.

- ① obey ② rely ③ continue ④ describe

問 21 The highway to Mt Fuji is always crowded on Sundays.

- ① deserted ② busy ③ famous ④ abundant

5 ()内の語(句)を並び替えて英文を完成させ、()内で4番目に来る選択肢の番号をマークしなさい。なお()内は文頭に来る語も小文字にしてある。(解答番号 ~)

問 22 The old (① by ② be ③ tower ④ will ⑤ restored) the end of this year.

問 23 Our band needs (① can ② some ③ who ④ guitarists ⑤ play) a movie song, "Let It Go".

問 24 When James went back to Seattle, I (① to ② went to ③ him ④ the station ⑤ see) off.

問 25 My sister (① as ② me ③ sweater ④ bought ⑤ a nice) a present.

問 26 We don't know (① will ② when ③ tournament ④ start ⑤ the tennis).

問 27 (① are ② the employees ③ to ④ all of ⑤ obliged) attend the meeting in April.

6 () ~ ()に最も適する選択肢の番号をマークしなさい。(解答番号 ~)

問 28 I'll take this shirt. Can I pay () credit card?

- ① for ② over ③ by ④ at

問 29 His gray hair () him look older.

- ① makes ② keeps ③ gets ④ takes

問 30 Nora blamed Jeff for always () only his own interests.

- ① threatening ② circulating ③ stimulating ④ pursuing

問 31 A fortune teller told me that I would be () at my job.

- ① succeed ② successful ③ succession ④ successive

問 32 In autumn our school has a school festival () every student looks forward to.

- ① why ② which ③ where ④ what

問 33 The travel company () a discount for all tours the month after next.

- ① offer ② offering ③ will offer ④ be offered

問 34 When we go out for a drive, Nathan is usually () the wheel.

- ① at ② in ③ with ④ through

問 35 She is interested in fashion, so she has more than twenty () of shoes.

- ① pieces ② sides ③ pairs ④ series

問 36 Mr. Brown knocked on the door and () the room.

- ① entered to ② entered on ③ entered for ④ entered

7 () ~ () に最も適する選択肢の番号をマークしなさい。 (解答番号 ~)

問 37 (at a restaurant)

A : Are you () to order?

B : Well, every dish seems delicious. What's today's special?

A : Our special today is salmon steak.

- ① supposed ② forced ③ reluctant ④ ready

問 38 (at a station)

A : I'd like to buy a ticket to Kyoto.

B : Sure. Would you like to have a window seat?

A : I'd rather have () seat.

- ① an aisle ② one way ③ the normal ④ a double

問 39 (at an information desk)

A : Here is a city map.

B : Thank you very much. You helped me a lot.

A : You're (). Have a nice trip.

- ① nice ② welcome ③ pleased ④ appreciated

問 40 (on an airplane)

A : Which would you like, beef or fish?

B : Can I () fish, please?

A : All right. Here you are.

- ① have ② like ③ prefer ④ be

問 41 (on the phone)

A : What are you going to do today?

B : I don't have any plans.

A : () about going shopping in Ginza?

- ① Where ② When ③ How ④ Why